

AN OVERVIEW OF SYSTEMS ARCHITECTING APPROACHES

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Anne-Marlene Rüede

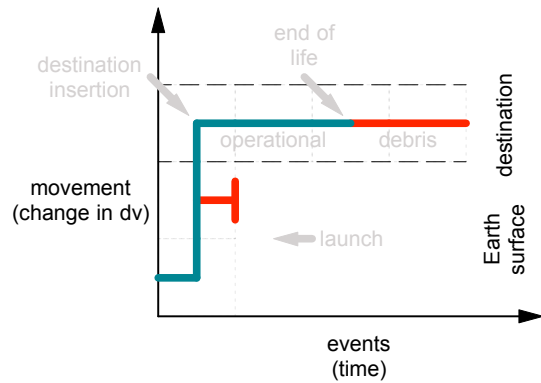
EPFL Space Center (eSpace)

PRESENTATION

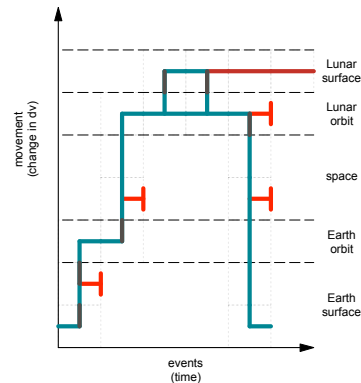
- » [Anne-Marlene Rüede](#)
- » Architecture & Space Technologies
- » Doctoral Student
- » eSpace (EPFL Space Center)
- » Support Systems Design

DOCTORAL RESEARCH

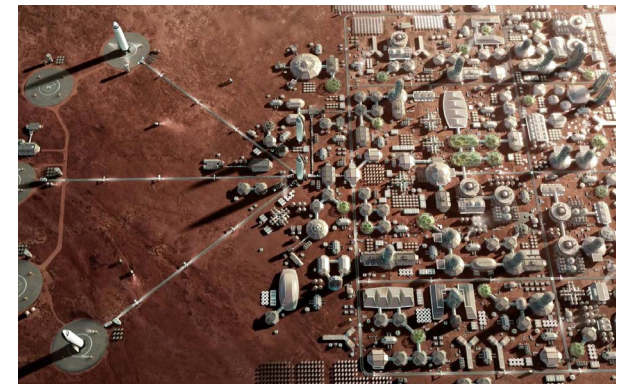
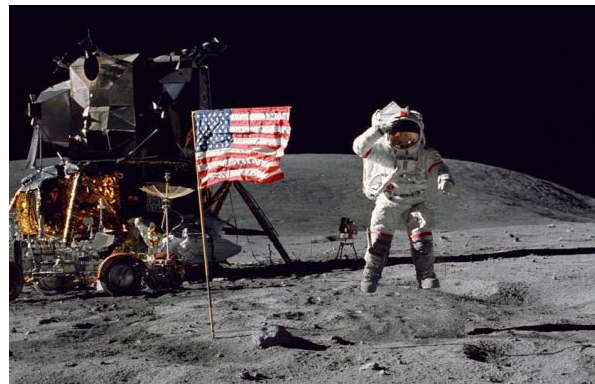
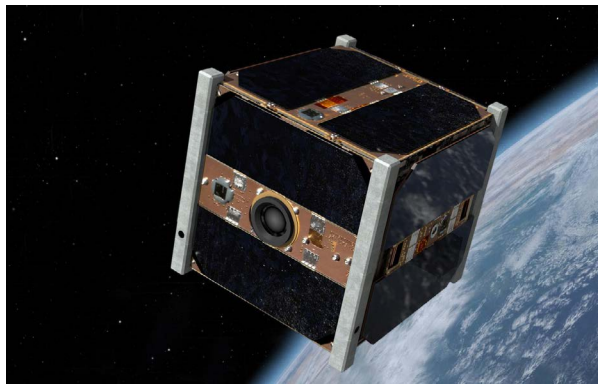
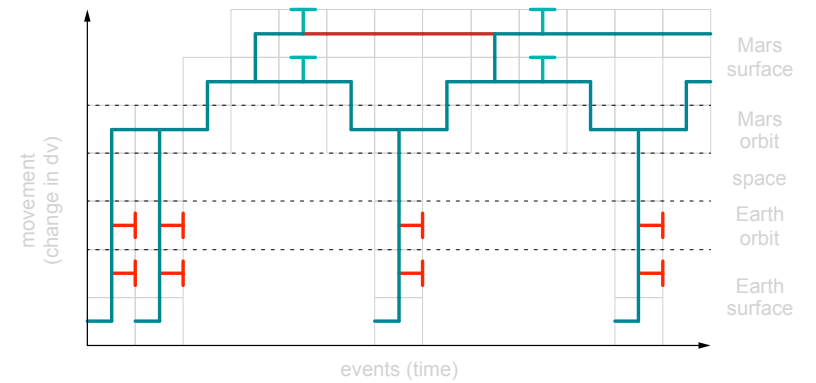
satellite



Moon landing



Mars Settlement



complexity

Introduction

Methods

Results

Conclusions

Discussion

OBJECTIVES

- » Compose **overview** of approaches used for Systems Architecting used by SWISSED/European Systems community:
 - ◇ **Models & model languages** (e.g. SysML, DSM/N2, FBD, IDEF0)
 - ◇ **Tools** (e.g. Cameo, Doors)
 - ◇ **Methods** (e.g. functional analysis, stakeholder mapping, morphological matrices)
 - ◇ **Standards & processes** (e.g. ISO 15288, ISO 16355)
 - ◇ **Other** (e.g. heuristics)

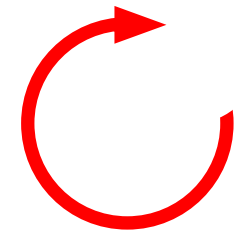
SCOPE

- » **Processes** as diagrams, e.g.:
 - ◇ Model-Driven Software Development (MDSD)
 - ◇ Harmony
 - ◇ Functional Analysis Task Flow and Work Products
 - ◇ OOSEM
 - ◇ Integrated Approach to Design for Safety
 - ◇ Operations Research
 - ◇ Etc.

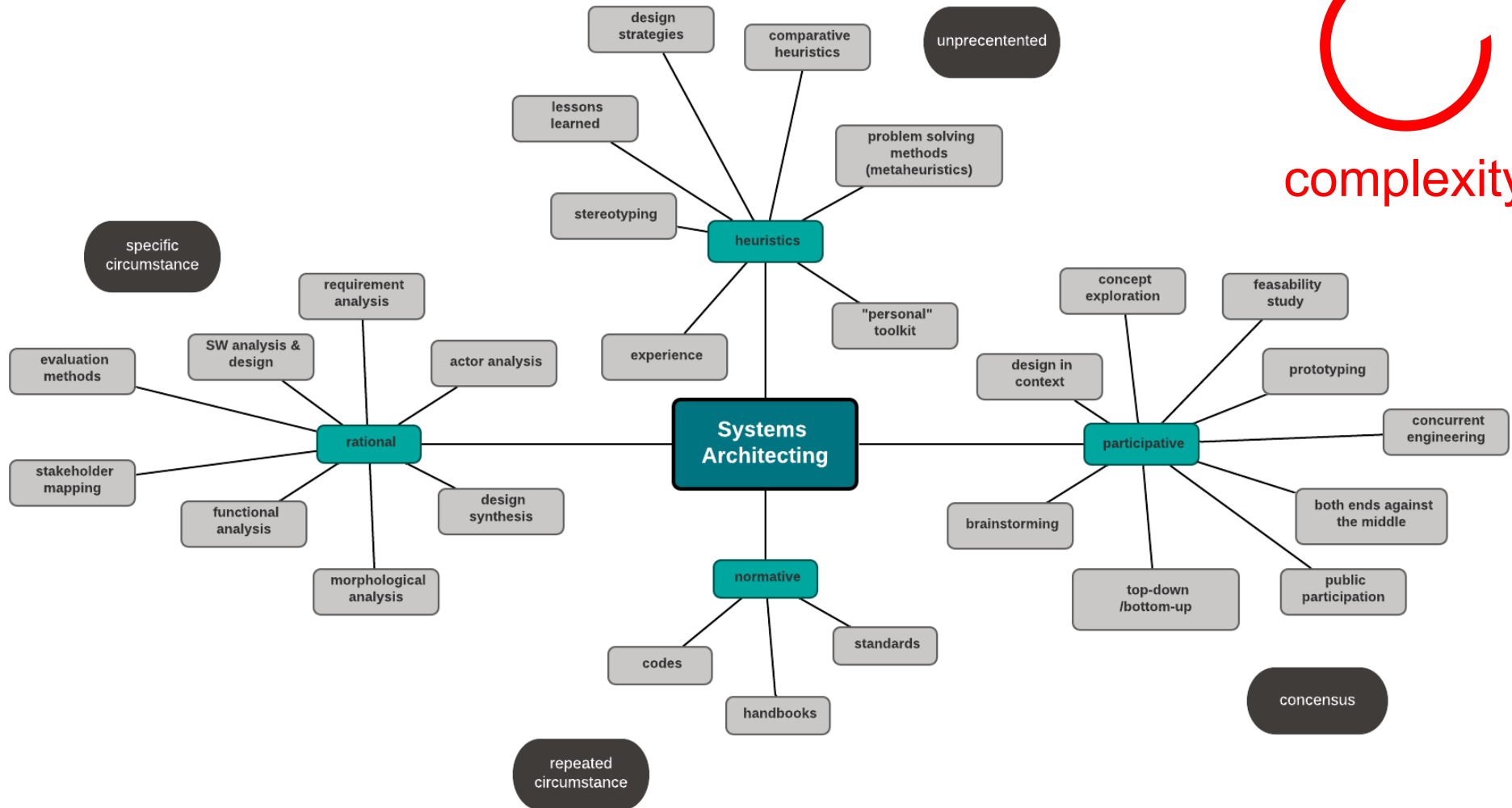
METHODS

- » Literature Review
- » Methods Mapping
- » Preliminary Conclusions
- » Questions to the audience
- » Responses integrated into distributed material

SYSTEMS ARCHITECTING



complexity



Four Most Important Methodologies, The Art of Systems Architecting, Rehtin, E. & Maier, M., 1997

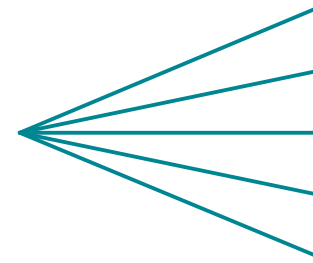
SYSTEMS ENGINEERING ELEMENTS



define



test



generate



return



evaluate



design



eliminate



select



rank

Introduction

Methods

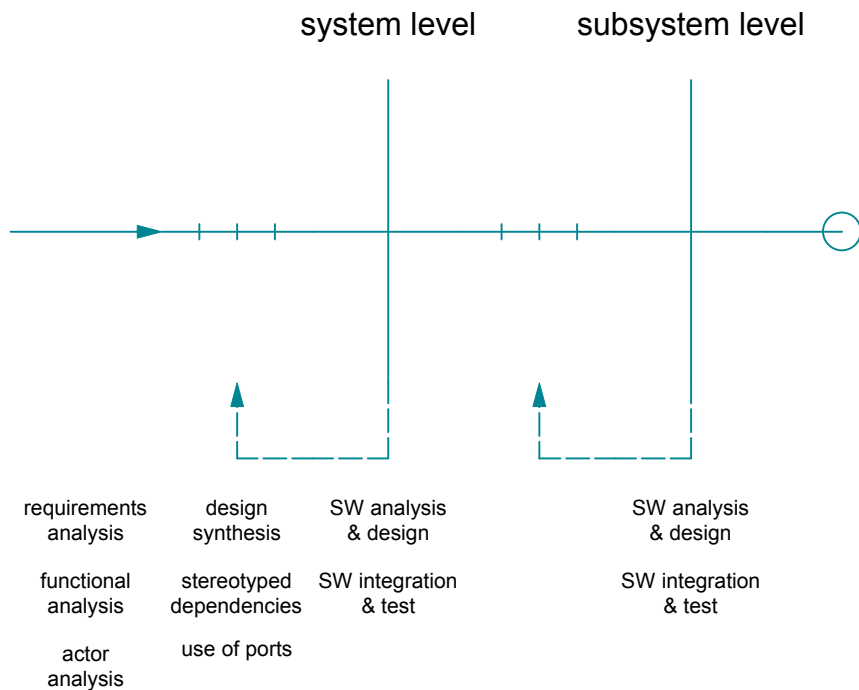
Results

Discussion

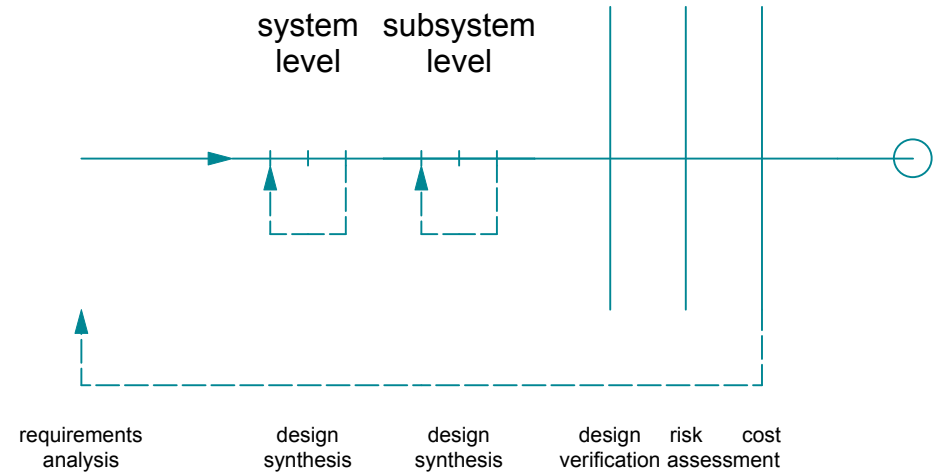
Conclusions

PROCESSES DIAGRAMS

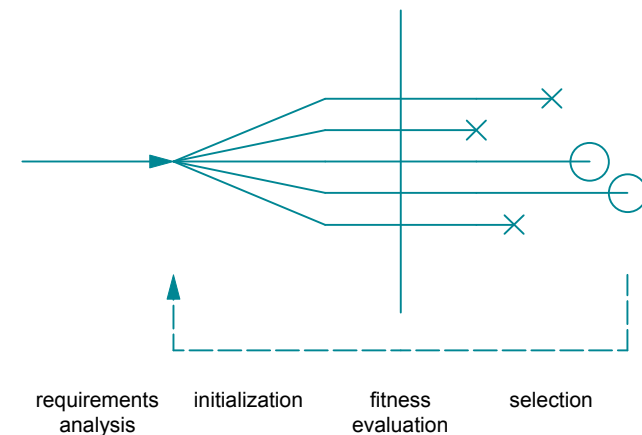
Harmony



ESA Concurrent Engineering



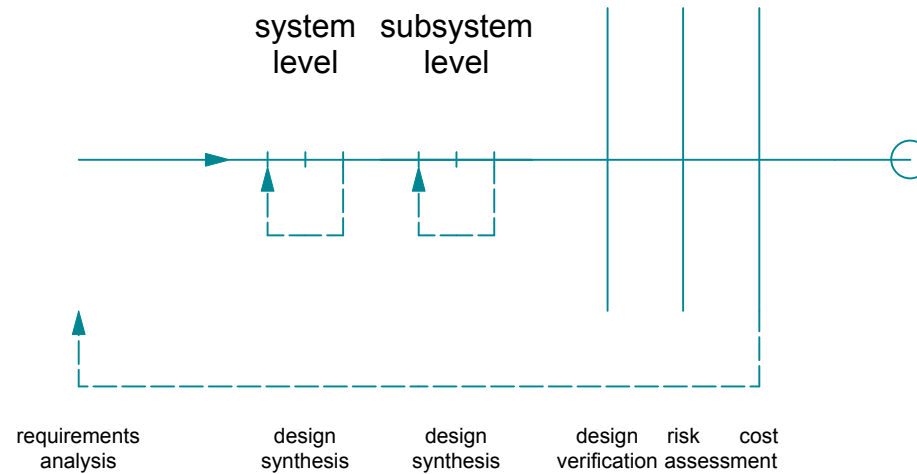
Genetic Algorithms



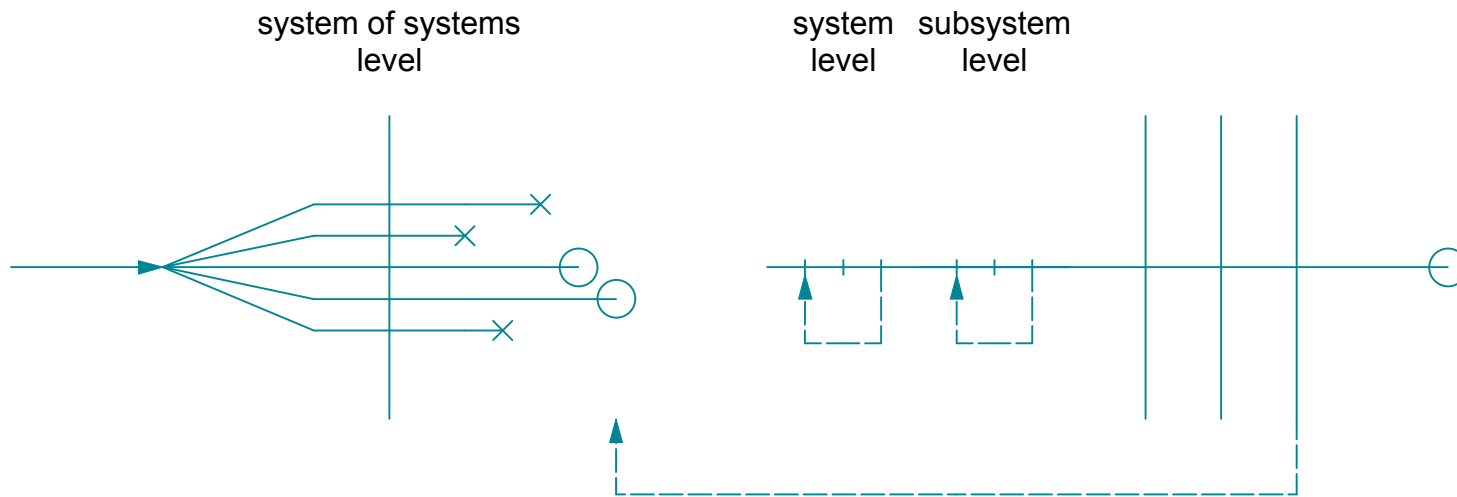
APPLICATION

ESA Concurrent Engineering

+ concept level



APPLICATION



Introduction

Methods

Results

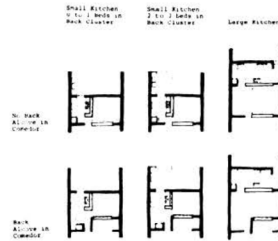
Discussion

Conclusions

PATTERN LANGUAGES

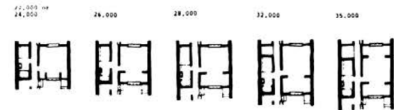
STEP 12: Kitchen and laundry

The arrangement of the kitchen is determined by the kitchen size (choice 4), by the presence or absence of a second family room alcove (step 10), and by the number of beds in the back cluster upstairs (choice 5). Draw according to table.



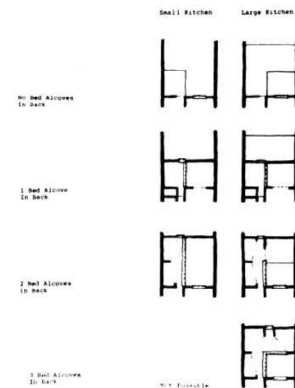
STEP 13: Master bedroom and bathroom layout

The layout of the master bedroom is given directly by the length of the family room below (step 10). Draw as shown.



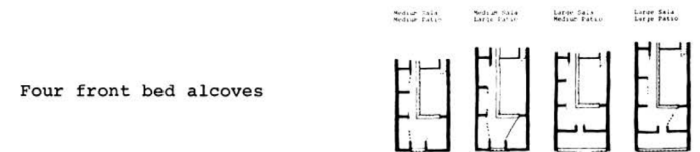
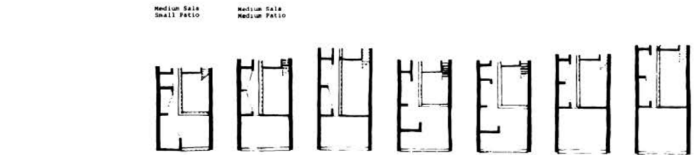
STEP 14: Back cluster of bed alcoves

The layout of bed alcoves in the back cluster depends on the number chosen by the family (choice 5), and the kitchen size (step 12). Draw according to table.



STEP 15: Front cluster of bed alcoves

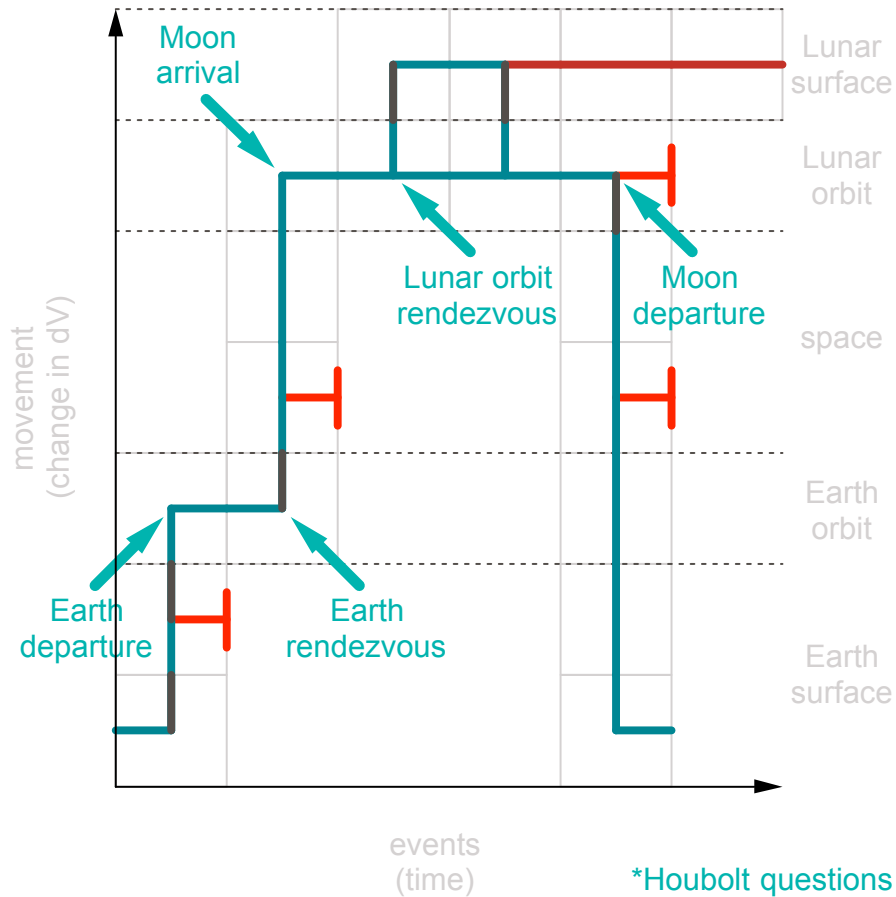
The layout of bed alcoves in the front cluster depends on the number chosen by the family (choice 5). Draw according to table.



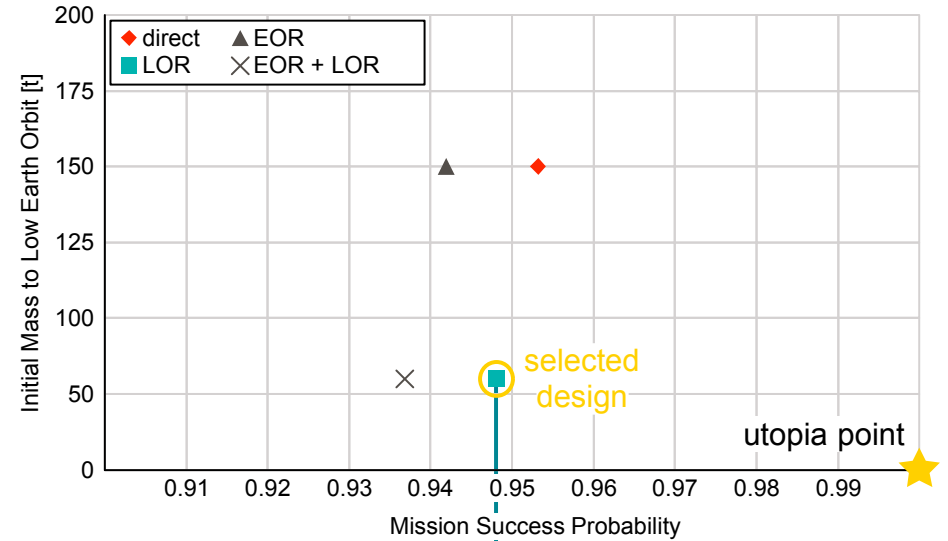
Houses Generated by Patterns, Christopher Alexander, 1970

DOCTORAL RESEARCH

mission diagrams



identification of candidates (e.g. risk vs. ImLEO)



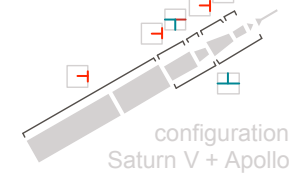
Other characteristics

design

- 4x add stage(s)
- 1x add separable module
=> design for in-situ (dis)assembly
- 1x separable payload
=> design for in-situ repair

other

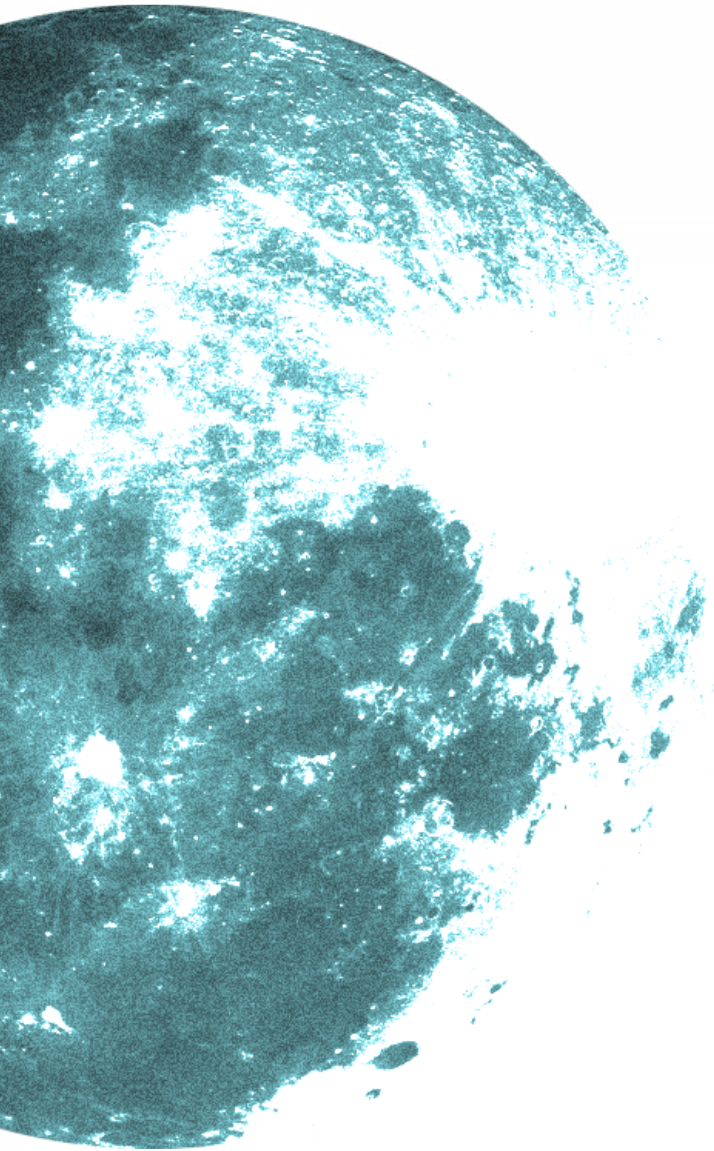
- 1x debris in Earth orbit



Proof-of-Concept Study - Apollo missions, Rüede, A.-M.

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

- » **Visibility** of approaches that may be beneficial
- » **Understanding** of strengths, weaknesses and typical usage of approaches
- » **Comparison** of one's approach(es) with others



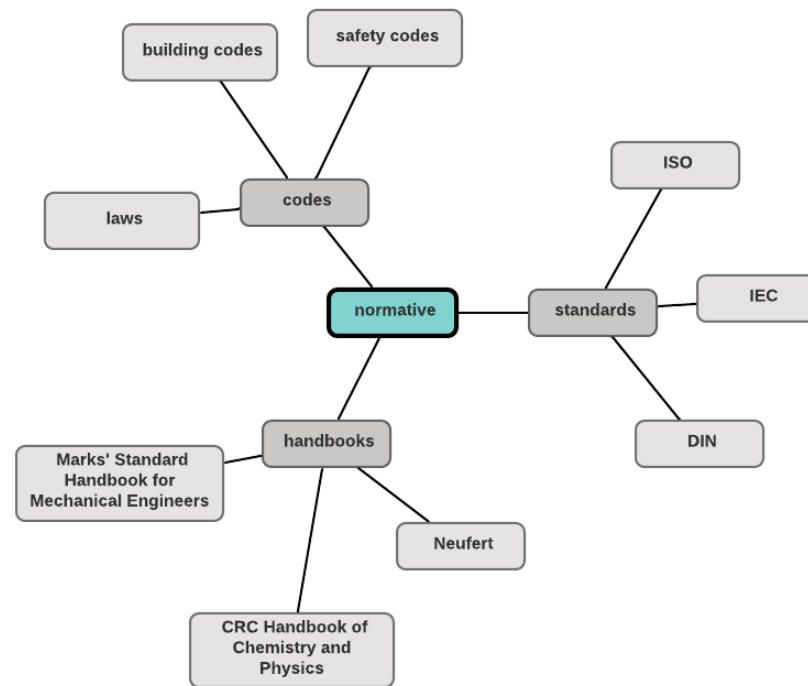
QUESTIONS

- » Which **factors** do you consider when choosing methods?
- » Which **methods** do you use?
- » Which **industry** do you work in?

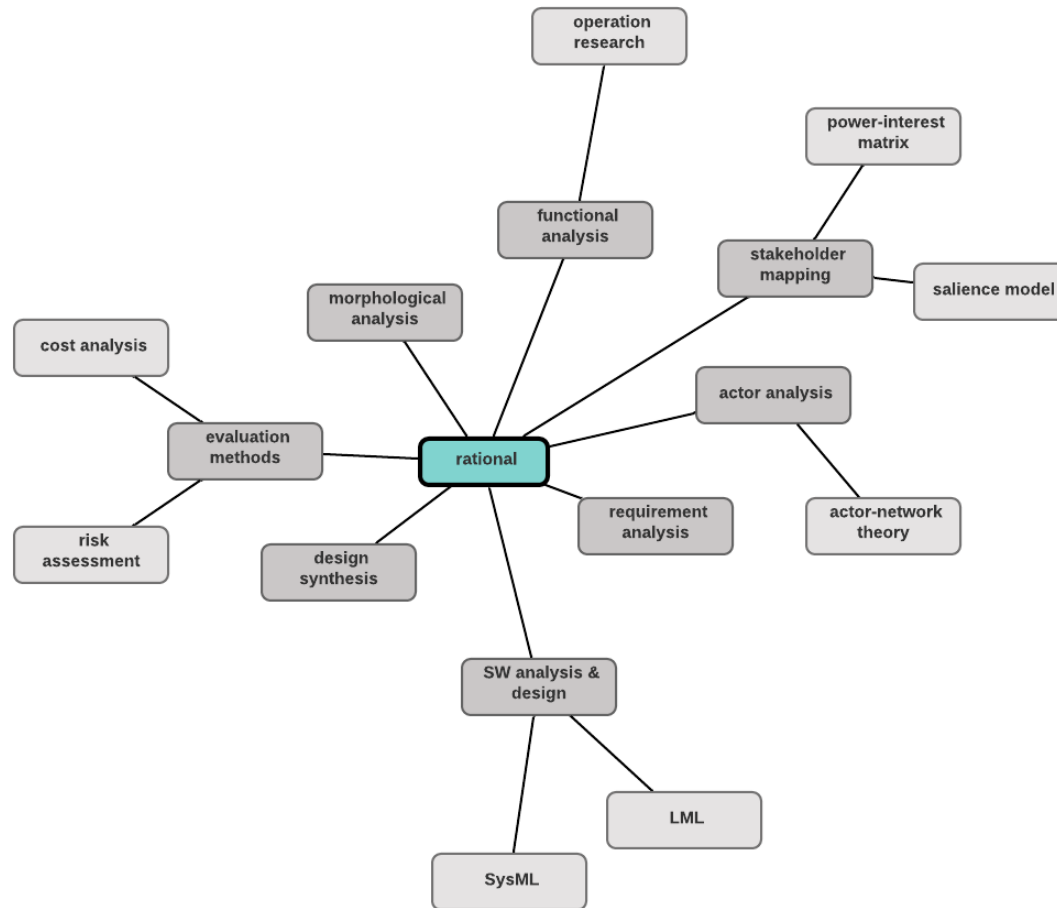
THANK YOU.

anne-marlene.ruede@epfl.ch

NORMATIVE METHODS

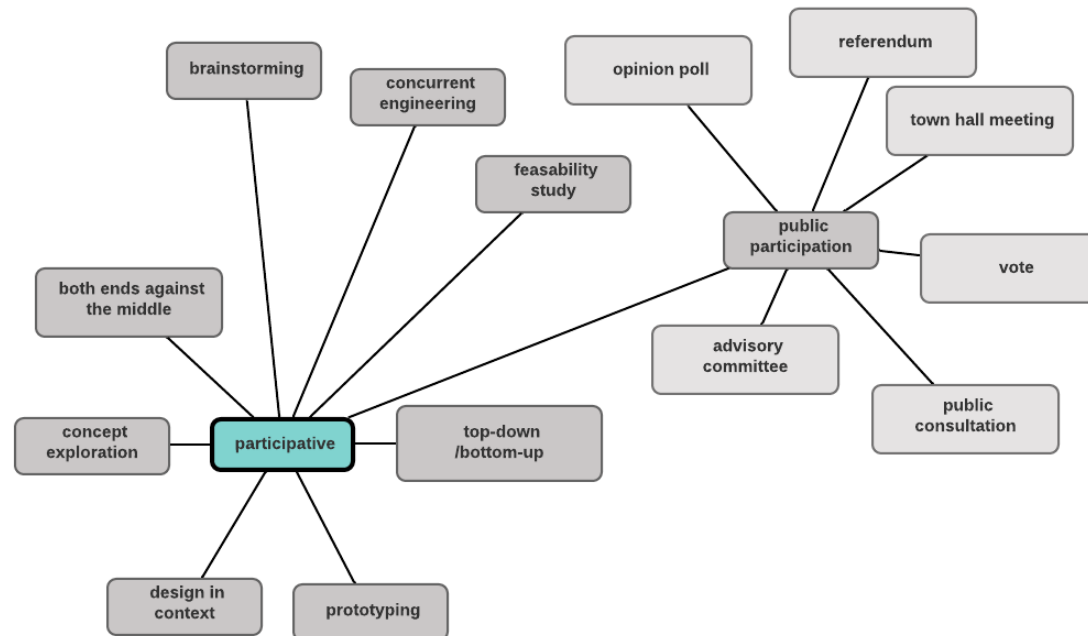


RATIONAL METHODS



Additional Slide

PARTICIPATIVE METHODS



HEURISTIC METHODS

